

# The Calgary Weekly Herald.

VOL. IV.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1887.

NO. 209.

## TELEGRAPHIC!

### BROWNING EXAMINED IN MONTREAL YESTERDAY.

Colloquial for Murder—Emperor and  
Czar to Hold a Conference—  
Other News.

Boston, August 26.—Chas. A. Moore, aged 15, and Geo. R. O'Keefe, aged 13, have been arrested for, and have confessed to, setting fire to Young's spar yard in East Boston.

New York, August 26.—The late phase of the Manhattan bank robbery implicates a Mrs. Fannie Roberts, a handsome widow who lives in style in this city.

Madison, Ind., August 26.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Mrs. Elin McAllister, of this city, was at last partly solved in the finding of her body on a sand bar in the Missouri river near Providence, Mo. The remains were identified by Mrs. McAllister's son. Whether she was murdered or came to her death by other means can only be conjectured. Mrs. McAllister was a passenger on the Chicago & Alton train on December 27, 1886, and on that day mysteriously disappeared near Providence. At the time of her disappearance she had a large amount of money on her person which was intact.

Ottawa, August 29.—The annual meeting of the Dominion Lumber Association opened at Ottawa today. Washington and British Columbia are represented.

Winnipeg, August 29.—Sir H. Devout, late governor of Newfoundland, and Dr. Edmunds passed through for the west today.

Lord Herschell has arrived. Hon. Alex. Macdonald is in the city and the guests of Dr. King. The ex-premier is confined to his bed.

The chief factors of the Hudson's Bay Company meet in this city tomorrow. Everything is quiet so far as the R. R. V. R. is concerned.

Egan Bros. outfit returned to the city on Saturday, having completed the grade to the boundary.

Hon. Mr. Norquay was in New York at latest accounts. He is expected home in a few days.

Hon. Tom White will leave Battleford today and arrive in Winnipeg on Friday. Victoria, August 29.—McGillivray, the Chicago broker, is reported to be in Victoria in disguise.

Ottawa, August 29.—Sir John has left Dalhousie for Ottawa.

Montreal, August 29.—Van Horne in an interview today said that the Winnipeg people are saying there are a number of little red devils in the city who are seeking to promote anarchy.

London, August 29.—The Queen is engaged in writing a new book.

Niagara, August 29.—A man named Perry, yesterday made a safe trip through the whirlpool in the rapids of Niagara, in a life boat of his own construction.

Detroit, August 29.—Ernest Wiman addressed the international meeting at Detroit on Saturday in favor of commercial union.

Washington, August 30.—The territorial board commission has been furnished with a full account of outrages by Canadian customs officials who are insisting on selling American cattle that have strayed across the line.

London, August 30.—In the Imperial Commons last evening Sir Hy Holland, colonial secretary, read a cablegram from Lord Lansdowne, governor-general of Canada, declaring that the report that Sir John Macdonald had said that he would not hesitate to ask the aid of Imperial troops to stop the construction of the Manitoba railway was a pure fabrication. Lord Lansdowne also said in the despatch: "The provincial act for the construction of the Red River Valley railway was disallowed by me on the advice of my responsible advisers on the ground that the proposed line would tap the traffic of the Canadian Pacific railway and thereby injure the interests of the whole country which had submitted to a large sacrifice in order to unite the provinces by a national road." He also asked whether the statement made by Sir Henry Holland in reference to Sir John Macdonald extended to the report that the Imperial troops in Canada would be concentrated at Winnipeg. Sir Henry replied that he had the authority of Lord Stanhope, secretary of state for war, that that was also a pure fabrication.

Montreal, August 31.—Mr. Van Horne and party have returned to Montreal. Van Horne blames the whole agitation on anarchy.

London, August 30.—The project to establish "The Empire," a new Conservative newspaper in Toronto, has fallen through.

Two school-boys quarreled over a sword yesterday. They decided that the only remedy was to fight. On Saturday night they fought and were severely injured. The fight took place in the streets of London. The boys were both aged about 15. They were both from the same school. The fight was a serious one. The boys were both injured. The fight was a serious one. The boys were both injured.

Winnipeg, August 29.—It is reported that one of the residents of Lake Gray's house of the name of Laura Hilliard, who was married to a man who was a member of the general hospital. The accident was made with a gun which was used in a lower town during the day. Medical assistance was promptly called.

but came near availing naught. General depression was the cause of the act.

Shields, the forger, who escaped from the provincial jail about a week ago, tried it again. By means of a bolt which he inserted into holes in the high board fence, he managed to reach the top and was almost over when observed. After being recaptured the last time he stated that he had got out through the fence, but he afterwards admitted that he had climbed over the fence in the manner above described.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 29.—Shortly after midnight this morning the inhabitants of this place were startled by a roaring sound. It lasted a few seconds. Four minutes after 5 this morning another and heavier shock was felt. There was an undulating motion. It is thought no damage resulted.

Montreal, August 29.—The Daily Herald office, a large isolated block, has been destroyed by fire. The building was six stories high and the printers working on the top flat had a very narrow escape, just having time to get down stairs. The building is a total wreck, everything being destroyed.

SAVANNAH, Ga., August 30.—William Taylor murdered Tony Charles yesterday by nearly decapitating him with a razor. The row occurred at a negro church supper.

UTICA, N. Y., August 30.—During a baseball game near Footville, in Madison county, yesterday afternoon, Otto Bronson, 18 years of age, was struck on the temple by the ball and almost instantly killed.

WILKESBARR, Pa., August 29.—A terrible riot took place yesterday at Glen Lyon, five miles from Nanticoke, in which more than three hundred miners were engaged. The place is occupied solely by the breakers of the Susquehanna Coal Co. The combatants were composed of men of all nationalities. It seems that it has been the custom of several Hungarian and Polish merchants of Nanticoke to send peddlers to Glen Lyon to supply certain boarding house keepers. The Susquehanna Coal Co. always selects Saturday as pay day. However, for the first time, they paid their men at Glen Lyon and Morgan town on Sunday, which day has always been chosen by the merchants to make their collections. The Rev. Mr. Taggart, of Glen Lyon, who frequently preached against what he called a desecration of the Sabbath and finally determined to put a stop to it if possible. Yesterday he organized a posse of his church members for that purpose. The men got wind of it and made of their minds to resist. The collectors made their appearance as usual and the natural excitement for the moment was augmented by a universal indulgence in beer and whiskey. As the day advanced the churchmen became alarmed and hid. The feeling became so intense that it resulted in a riot between the miners, and hundreds of men engaged in a battle with sticks, stones and clubs. It lasted for half an hour and dozens were carried home on stretchers, many fatally injured. It is reported that sixty miners were fatally hurt. The town is running wild with excitement.

Winnipeg, August 31.—Lord and Lady Herschell and party leave for the west on Saturday.

Ottawa, August 31.—Sir John Macdonald has returned to Ottawa.

Dr. James, chief surgeon of the Mounted Police, Regina, is in Ottawa for the purpose of purchasing medical supplies. He has just added a page to the history of the rebellion. He says that after lengthy investigation he learned that the fall of Ratoche upset a plan for a general rising of the Indians of the Northwest and the American Territories as far east as the Missouri.

DUBLIN, August 31.—Irish evictions were resumed at Herbertstown, yesterday. Several collisions occurred between the police and the peasantry.

LONDON, August 31.—It was announced in the Imperial Commons yesterday that the United States had agreed to the appointment of a new commission on the North American fisheries. John Chamberlain will be the chief commissioner for England. The commission will include a member of the Canadian government.

The London Standard says: "The more clearly the rights of the question are understood the more emphatic will be the opinion that the Manitobans are trying to derive an unfair advantage from their geographical position. The best prospect for a settlement lies in the direction of a compromise of which the preliminary stage to be the immediate suspension of operations on the Manitoba railway line. No effort should be spared to conciliate the Manitobans, but they must be made to do their duty as British subjects and Canadian citizens."

Montreal, August 31.—Sir George Stephen says for England in a few days. The railroad company in Montreal has been the subject of his visit.

Earl Latham, Lord Epsford and Lord Curzon have arrived at Montreal from England on a pleasure trip. They will shortly visit the Macdonald district.

TORONTO, N. Y., August 29.—Holt's Brother drove a mad horse, this afternoon on the third-quarter mile track on the farm in the town of Holt. The horse was a white gelding and the first fall was made in 1886, and the second in 1887, making a record of 2:13 1/2. Mr. Holt's brother, who is a well-known horseman, was the driver. The horse was driven by a man named Holt. The horse was driven by a man named Holt.

It seems probable that the outside of the advance made by Taylor, the banked horse, was during a safe business. It is reported that twenty wealthy citizens have agreed to subscribe \$5000 each to assist in putting matters in a better way, and the opinion is given that this will result.

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Paris, Sept. 1.—Mons. Prudent, the Portuaise who was considered the most beautiful woman in the world, was yesterday in the presence of 2000 people.

Charles Tupper and Sackville West will be connected with Chamberlain in the fisheries commission.

Montreal, Sept. 1.—Domingue, owner of the land near Morris who has been giving trouble to the government, was examined in Montreal yesterday. He admitted that he bought the land to stop the building of the road but would not answer whether he was to be compensated by the C. P. R. The local government expresses the hope that they will have the line in operation by the end of October.

Macdonald, Sept. 1.—Dr. Allen, collector of customs at this place, and who has been absent at Ottawa, has just returned from Cornwall after interring the remains of his son who was drowned recently in Old Man's river.

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—Messrs. White, McLean and Thompson will return to Ottawa about the middle of September.

Montreal, Sept. 1.—Prof. Sheldon, of England, has left this city for the Northwest.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—Emperor William and the Czar of Russia will have a conference in a few days.

MEERK, Col., August 31.—Information has been received that in Thursday's battle with the Colorow there were five whites killed, instead of two and four wounded. Seven Indians and two squaws were killed and five wounded. There has been no fighting since Thursday, but 600 Indians are camped within six miles. The Indians are ready to fight at the least provocation. The loss of nearly 800 ponies and their squaws has made them wild, and they are ready for revenge. Colorow, it is reported, says he can get "heap young bucks from White river, heap Uncompahgne, Colorow send for them." If he should make an attack on the militia, the settlers estimate it would take the combined efforts of the two thousand regulars to drive them back to their reservation.

VICTORIA, B. C., August 31.—Thomas E. Spencer, boat puller on the W. P. Sayward, one of the schooners owned by the American revenue cutter in Behring Sea, arrived at Victoria on the steamer Nell, of Georgetown. Mr. Spencer gave the following account of the hardships of himself and other members of the crew after leaving Sitka. The Sayward was seized about Monday, when 88 miles off the island, Unalaska being the nearest land. She had 500 skins, none of which were caught in Behring's Sea where they had arrived only four days before the Sayward was taken in tow to Unalaska. All the skins were removed and the schooner towed out to the Pacific Ocean and navigated to Sitka by the crew in charge of a man from the cutter. At Sitka the crew, numbering 25, were allowed to leave in six canoes and one boat. They were provided with only seven days' provisions by the officials in charge of the Sayward, and the voyage occupied seventeen days. Two pieces of salt pork, six the preserved apples, and six the preserved two boxes of flour comprised all their stores. A gale of wind detained them at Whang Bay, and the provisions got wet and damaged, four days more brought them to Red Bay and from thence three days were occupied reaching Safety Cove, where the Pinta was at anchor. The sufferings of the men from exposure and slow starvation were terribly severe. During the latter portion of the voyage for four days all they had to eat was picked up on the seashore and comprised mussels and other shell fish. The Pinta sold the men enough provision to take them to Fort Simpson, where the Hudson Bay Co. people and others received them with open arms. Mr. Spencer speaks in strong terms of censure against the U. S. officials for sending them adrift on such a long voyage with a totally inadequate supply of provisions.

## CANADIAN CLIPS.

Martin, Liberal, M. P. P. for Rimouski, has resigned his seat.

The date of the local election in Ottawa county has been changed from the 10th to the 14th of September. The nomination of candidates will take place at Hull on the 7th.

Henry Taylor, ex-president of the bank of London, called at the World office and, it is reported, announced his intention to enter a libel suit, claiming heavy damages against that paper.

The contested elections of Sir Hector Langevin in Three Rivers, Mr. Montplaisir in Champlain and Hon. Mr. Langlois in Quebec Centre have been abandoned, as well as for French, Champlain, for the local house.

A private cable from London states that the Canadian community in Manitoba has elected a committee who are preparing to send a deputation to Ottawa. A number of railway companies, which were in a fair way of being secured, have now either abandoned or will be by the Manitoba authorities.

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some central authority in the Dominion to deal with purely Canadian matters.

Two thousand dollars is missing from the safe of the Watford agency of the defunct London bank. George Jones, accountant, a person of irreproachable character, has been missing since Sunday night and as he had charge of the funds it is presumed that he is a defaulter. The safe had not been opened till today owing to the combination being known only to Jones and London officials.

Regarding the Ontario Investment Association's affairs, it appears that President Taylor and Secretary Murray purchased with the funds of the association some thirty acres of land near Winnipeg, paying \$54,000 for the same. This transaction never passed the board of directors and now \$6,000 is all the property is said to be worth. They were Taylor's papers which were seized on Saturday, and not association papers. Nothing definite regarding the position of the association will be known till the auditor's report is furnished.

A train load of fish passed through a few days ago from the British Columbia salmon canneries to the eastern provinces. It was composed of 17 cars, containing 3,200 cases, in each of which were 48 cases of salmon, making in all 153,600 tins, and the value of the lot was about \$17,000. In a few days another large consignment of canned salmon will arrive from the Fraser canneries over the C. P. R., and for some months these shipments will be frequent. The train was liberally decorated with labels, upon which appeared in large letters, "Canned Salmon," besides the name of the packing establishment where they were put up. The business of shipping salmon promises to be a considerable item to the C. P. R. The pack of the Fraser and the northwest coast this season will probably aggregate a good deal over 100,000 cases, and if even 100,000 come to the C. P. R. it will require about 330 cars to transport them.

## Montana Stockmen's Grievance.

The Montana papers to hand give the following statement of Mr. Harro, who was sent to Lettbridge to investigate the seizure of stock by the N. W. Mounted Police:

"There were three seizures and all made. The first was 185 head; the second, 10 head; the third 45 head. It addition to the 185, about 80 head of cattle were driven from this side, across the line into Canada in a place seventy-five miles from the American boundary. They were then cut out from the Spencer herd and left at large. They have not been seen since by their American owners. As regards the second seizure, I was unable to find out anything about it. If there were any documents the customs officials would not produce them. They were undoubtedly American cattle, and the only excuse given by the officers were that they found the cattle across the line and it was their duty to shoot and sell all such cattle. The third seizure, as being 2 to 3 miles from the river, was made on the Milk river, along the boundary. The cattle had gone down to the Canadian Milk river for water; the mounted police saw them and without further formality they seized and drove them to Lettbridge, where they were sold without any notice to the owners or anyone else. In this last seizure there were five head owned as partners by Donahue and John Spencer, of Sun river, and one head belonging to the Home Land and Cattle Company, who have cattle both in Montana and the Northwest Territory. There was also one head the property of the North Montana Cattle Company.

These American cattle have been driven on different ranges since the sales, and there is no means of tracing them. The Canadian authorities have acted in a high handed, unfair manner, and should make redress. It should be borne in mind that there is no fence or visible boundary line on the Canadian side to keep the cattle from going to drink at Milk river, which is the reason they naturally take in search of water."

Mr. Harro says the first sale was made at Maple Creek and the last two at Lettbridge.

## Sizes of Boxes for Different Measures.

A Box 24 inches long by 16 inches wide, and 28 inches deep will contain a barrel, or three bushels.

A Box 24 inches long by 16 inches wide, and 14 inches deep will contain half a barrel.

A Box 16 inches square and 8-2-5 inches deep, will contain one bushel.

A Box 16 inches long by 8-2-5 inches wide and 8 inches deep, will contain half a bushel.

A Box 8 inches by 8-2-5 inches square, and 8 inches deep, will contain one peck.

A Box 8 inches by 8 inches square, and 4-1-5 inches deep will contain one gallon.

A Box 7 inches by 4 inches square, and 4-1-5 inches deep will contain half a gallon.

A Box 4 inches by 4 inches square, and 4-1-5 inches deep will contain one quart.

A Box 4 feet long, 3 feet 3 inches wide, and 2 feet 5 inches deep, will contain one ton of coal.

If there is any one thing which above all else can soothe or damp down the angry passions, and uncertainty, and problems, and difficulties, and long and weary and hesitating and doubtful, it is the prompt performance of the most just duty.

There is a great hope of the time when these later organizations shall become known in which each individual citizen can find a place, and which shall be a source of power and light to the world.

## TELEGRAPHIC!

### SIR JOHN REFUSES TO BE INTERVIEWED ON DISALLOWANCE.

Governor Dewdney Interviewed Re the Indian Shooting—General News Notes.

## Archbishops En route West.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 2.—Archbishop Fabre of Montreal will arrive at St. Boniface on Saturday, and on Monday he and Archbishop Tache leave for a trip to Victoria, B. C. They are expected to return on the 17th inst.

## Starts for America.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Chamberlain will start for America in November. It does not appear to be definitely settled yet what member of the Dominion cabinet will be on the commission.

## Must Swing.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—It is announced that the condemned anarchists will certainly swing.

## Tom White.

REGINA, Sept. 2.—Hon. Thomas White arrived here last night.

## The Governor Interviewed.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 2.—Governor Dewdney was interviewed yesterday in reference to the shooting cases in the west. Being asked if the frequency of these shooting scrapes led to serious results, said yes, if the Indians thought white men were privileged to shoot them on sight; the Indians have been taught to believe that equal justice be given with white men, and it is imperative that faith in this matter be kept with them. The Governor further says the Indians were all ready to start for the place where the High River shooting occurred very shortly after the wounded man was brought in, but Agent Borg succeeded in quieting them down. The Governor says his visit had a good effect on the Indians.

## Abandoned.

TORONTO, Sept. 2.—The proposed establishment of the Empire, a new Conservative paper here, has been abandoned.

## Some Delay.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 2.—There has been some delay in consequence of a financial difficulty in the shipment of rails for the Red River Valley road, which are now at Montreal consigned to one of the banks.

## Repeats the Denial.

OTTAWA, Sept. 2.—Sir John Macdonald repeats the denial of the British troops story, and declines to be interviewed on the disallowance question.

## CABINET MINISTERS.

Hon. Messrs. Thompson and McLellan in Calgary To-day.

They are Delighted With the Town and Country.

The Minister of Justice, Hon. J. S. Thompson, and Hon. A. W. McLellan, Postmaster General, arrived from the west this morning in the afternoon. Mr. McLellan is accompanied by his family and the party have had a very enjoyable trip through the mountains and on the coast. They were greatly pleased with Victoria, New Westminster and Vancouver, the rapid growth of the last named being to them almost marvellous—in fact almost surprising as that of Calgary. The reporter intimated that it would have been a disappointment if the Ministers had not stopped over here, but they said they had no intention of doing that as Calgary was the most widely advertised place in the country, and no one having any interest in the Dominion would think of taking a (presumably) trip without staying at least a day. They would like to remain longer but they were due at the hospital in a few days and must hurry on board. Mr. McLellan expressed his surprise at the many fine homes and residences of Calgary and was pleased with the new office building. Mr. Thompson and Mr. McLellan were both very much interested in the city and the country and were very much pleased with the town and country. They were both very much interested in the city and the country and were very much pleased with the town and country.

## Representation.

The Western will present Hon. Mr. Thompson and Hon. Mr. McLellan in the House of Commons tomorrow, and will give him the opportunity to make a speech.



**Mary and Her Lamb.**  
This is the title of one of the most familiar poems in the English language, though but few people know its history. Most of our young readers will be surprised to hear that the well-known nursery song of "Mary had a Little Lamb" is a true story, and that "Mary" is still living. Says an exchange:

About seventy years ago she was a little girl, the daughter of a farmer in Worcester County, Massachusetts. She was very fond of going with her father to the fields to see the sheep, and one day they found a baby lamb which was thought to be dead.

Kind-hearted little Mary, however, lifted it up in her arms, and as it seemed to breathe she carried it home, made it a warm bed near the stove, and nursed it tenderly. Great was her delight when, after weeks of careful feeding and watching, her little patient began to grow well and strong, and soon after it was able to run about. It knew its young mistress perfectly, always came at her call, and was happy only when at her side.

One day it followed her to the village school, and not knowing what else to do with it, she put it under her desk and covered it with her shawl.

There it stayed until Mary was called up to the teacher's desk to say her lesson, and then the lamb walked quietly after her, and the other children burst out laughing. So the teacher had to shut the little girl's pet in the woodshed until school was out. Soon after this a young student named John Rollstone wrote a little poem about Mary and her lamb and presented it to her. The lamb grew to be a sheep, and lived many years; and when at last it died Mary grieved so much for it that her mother took some of its wool, which was "as white as snow," and knit a pair of stockings for her to wear in remembrance of her darling.

Some years after the lamb's death Mrs. Sarah Hall, a celebrated woman who wrote books, composed some verses about Mary's lamb and added them to those written by John Rollstone, making the complete poem as we know it. Mary took such good care of the stockings made of her lamb's fleece that when she was a grown-up woman she gave one of them to a church-fair in Boston.

As soon as it became known that the stocking was made from the fleece of "Mary's little lamb" every one wanted a piece of it; so the stocking was raveled out, and the yarn cut into small pieces. Each piece was tied to a card, on which Mary wrote her full name; and these cards sold so well that they brought the large sum of one hundred and forty dollars to the Old South Church.

#### The Ruby and Sapphire.

A fine stone of four carats' weight is worth from \$2,000 to \$2,500; but above this weight rubies are very rare, and would command fancy prices. Tavernier has given a drawing of one belonging to the Shah of Persia, which weighed one hundred and seventy-five carats; and the Kings of Burmah were said to possess one of the size of a pigeon's egg. The largest ever seen in Europe is that one which Gustavus III. of Sweden presented to the Czarina upon his visit to Russia in 1777. The ruby has been imitated in paste, and garnets backed by a ruby foil are often met with. Crimson spinel is called spinel ruby, and rose-red or pink spinel, balas ruby. This last name is said to be derived from Balahstan, the ancient name of

Beloochistan. Although many may be deceived by the spinel, the ruby may be readily distinguished by its superior hardness, its specific gravity, and its crystallization, which is hexagonal, the spinel being octahedral. Historical stones often turn out when examined to be unworthy of their fame; thus the famous ruby said to have been given to Edward the Black Prince by Don Pedro of Castile after the battle of Najara, A. D. 1367, worn in his helmet by Henry V. at Agincourt, and now placed in the Imperial State Crown of England, is a spinel. The monster ruby of Charles the Bold, set in the middle of a golden rose for a pendant, which was captured by the Bernese after his son's ransom, was found to be false by Jacob Fugger after he had purchased it. The ruby was supposed to be an antidote against poison, plague, sickness, evil thoughts, and wicked spirits, and, most wonderful of all, it warned its wearer of evil by becoming black or obscure.

Boxing the ears is a too common term of punishment practiced by irritable and ignorant persons, and it is almost always done in fits of sudden anger. I say done by irritable and ignorant persons, because it seems to me that no person of any information on the subject would allow his passion to get the better of his judgement in such a matter. A blow on the ear is of paper-like thinness; it may and has been, in numbers of cases, ruptured by a single slap on the side of the head, incurable deafness resulting. Says an eminent physician: "All strokes on the head of children with a very hard hand are brutal and criminal." In the same connection he adds that "a generous, wise and humane parent should allow a right to intervene between the commission of the fault on the one hand, and any decided punishment on the other. The verdict that should be almost always, but the law should be vindictive and unfeeling. And shall a man or woman punish an unrepenting child with angry blows, indignation, with conceiving wrath in the heart? It is monstrous."

A Civil Day commences at midnight, and is counted from the first to the twelfth hour, when it is counted again from the first to the twelfth hour.

A Nautical Day is counted as a Civil Day, but commences like an Astronomical Day, from noon.

A Calendar Month varies from 28 to 31 days.

A Mean Lunar Month is 29 days, 12 hours, 44 minutes, 2 seconds, and 0.24 thirds.

A year is divided into 365 days. A Solar Year, which is the time occupied by the Sun in passing from one Vernal Equinox to another, consists of 365, 242 2/3 solar days, or 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, and 46 1/2 seconds.

## NOTICE - THERE WILL BE A GREAT 12 HOUR RACE !!

GO AS YOU PLEASE

3 Hours a night for four nights, AT

CLAXTON'S STAR RINK

Commencing at 20 o'clock

SEPTEMBER 25TH, 187.

Ending 23 o'clock

SEPTEMBER 28TH, '87.

Entrance fee \$10, open to all comers.

For particulars address F. J. CLAXTON, Box 196 Calgary.

## DONALD, B. C.

MANUEL & RUTTAN, General Dealers.

DONALD, B. C.

S. FERLAND,

General Merchant, Flour, Feed & Provisions.

HULL & TROUNCE.

Wholesale and Retail MEAT MARKET.

Leading Businessmen.

J. C. STEEN & CO.

General Merchants AND JOBBERS.

G. H. PRESSWELL, Post Office Store. General Merchandise

THE WOODBINE. "The Daisy of Them All"

PAT MURPHY, PROPRIETOR.

SELKIRK HOUSE.

First-Class Accommodation For Commercial Men & Tourists.

Donald Billiard Hall.

Only place in town where you can get a Collins or Cocktail.

ILLI-CILLI-WAET. HOTEL.

Elegantly Refitted.

Ed. & Will Lawler.

STANLEY & PEW.

DRUGS AND STATIONERY.

THE STAR SALOON.

GOO. SUTHERLAND - Proprietor.

Cocktails & Collins

Finer than the Finest.

WOODS & MCBRIDE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

General Merchandise

# Public Attention !

to the importance of

## Direct - Importation

Which has already begun by

## I. G. BAKER & COMPANY.

Buying their principal stock of Fall Drygoods, Trimmings and Men's underwear direct from England. The Cashmeres, Plushes and Wool Dress Goods in Grey are simply magnificent, and no such values have before been offered here. Beaded trimmings and new plush trimmings in all shades, to suit our goods. Brocaded and plain Velvet in beautiful shades. New mantles, cloaks, jackets, and jerseys. Gents, see our \$1.50 imported Scotch wool underwear

### CROCKERY

We are also importing Crockery, which is very fine. Great assortment of Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, and the most beautiful new Velvet Glass, in Rich Colors, ever shown anywhere. See our \$5.00 Tea Set, 41 pieces.

### BOOTS AND SHOES.

New boots and shoes for all. Our moccasins, felt socks, mitts, gloves and other fall goods are now in.

### GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

In Groceries we have many new lines for the coming season. Christie Brown & Co's Biscuits in great variety. New Teas, new canned goods, etc.

I. G. BAKER & COMPANY.

## SHELTON SHOWING

A Splendid line of

PARLOR AND PEASY CHAIRS All kinds of furniture at rock bottom prices.

## Largest Stock Territories

### Wood Yard.

GOOD DRY WOOD For sale, Cut to suit purchasers, and delivered to any place in town at reasonable rates.

Orders left at McDonald's Stable will be promptly attended to.

W. M. PARSLOW.

### NOTICE

It is hereby given that, in pursuance to the Act of the Council of the North West Territories, an application will be made to the North West Council at its next session for an ordinance to incorporate The Calgary Gas and Water Works Company, with power to lay gas and water pipes, within the Municipality of the Town of Calgary, and to do all things necessary for the supplying of the said Municipality, and in connection therewith with gas and water.

Dated this 2nd day of June, A. D. 1887. ALEX. LUCAS, On behalf of applicants.

Jas. Bannerman.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED, PROVISIONS, VEGETABLES

Stephen 12222 Calgary

## NORTHWEST COAL AND NAVIGATION CO.

LETHBRIDGE, - - N.W.T.

## GALT - COAL

For sale in Car Load lots or per ton delivered.

TERMS---STRICTLY CASH.

For prices apply to or to N. W. C. & N. CO., Lethbridge.

W. T. RAMSAY,

## HAYING TOOLS.

## MACHINE :-: OIL.

## Anything in the Hardware

## LINE

AT

## GRANTS'S.



# ABOUT WOMEN.

Mrs. OLE BULL has taken Mr. Edwin Booth's house on Chestnut Street, Boston, for next winter.

Mrs. EDWIN WICKLOW, of Boston, formerly Miss Kate Reynolds, is spoken of as the only successor to Fanny Kemble as a reader.

Mrs. FRANK LESLIE, now in Paris, will go to the City of Mexico in September to arrange for the publication there of a Spanish-American newspaper.

Dr. GRACE WOLCOTT was sent as a delegate by the very conservative Massachusetts Medical Society to the recent Medical Convention at Chicago.

ISABELLA and Mary Prince, who have taken charge of a school in Japan, were formerly teachers in Portland, Maine, and later in San Francisco, California.

Miss TRILBY MAY FORNEY, daughter of the late J. W. Forney, founder of the "Philadelphia Press," is announced as assistant editor of the Philadelphia "Leisure Hours."

Miss FARRER and Miss Ethel Dickens (granddaughter of Charles Dickens) have started a typewriting office in London, and make a specialty of prompt-books and works for theatres.

The "Association des Dames Françaises," in Paris, has organized a series of highly interesting lectures. The first of these was delivered by Dr. Tessier, and was entitled "L'Air, sa Hygiène."

Mrs. FRANCES A. CONANT is editor of the "Journal of Industrial Education," published under the auspices of the "Kitchen Garden Association" of Chicago.

Dr. CAROLINE HASTINGS, who has been seven years Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Boston University School of Medicine, has resigned the position that she may devote herself to her large private practice.

Miss MARIE LOUISE REQUES, a young lady of Moulins, has received the degree of "Bachelier," with the qualification "good," from the Faculty of Literature at Rennes. How is this for quaint and conservative Brittany?

Mrs. HANNEY BUCHERSTOWN emphatically denies the story which is circulating to the effect that she could never have written "Uncle Tom's Cabin" if she had known the colored people as she knows them now, after a residence at the South.

A most important step has been taken in France, in the election of a lady, Madame Kermogard, to a place in the Higher Council of Public Instruction. A very wide constituency—teachers and other, and women as well as men—was required to attain this result.

In the Exhibition of the Royal Academy of Arts, London, of the paintings and sculptures over one thousand nine hundred in number, two hundred and forty-two are the works of women. It is only fifteen years since women artists were admitted to the Royal Academy.

Dr. EMILY BLACKWELL, Miss Alice Stone Blackwell, Dr. E. M. Cushman, and Miss Kerrison, of New York, will sail on the eighteenth of June, intending to spend the summer in Europe. They will devote a month to England, and give the remainder of the time to a tour on the continent.

## The Clothes that Kill.

The advice to women to promote their health by out-door exercise is never wanting. But no amount of fresh air exercise can save women from the evil effects of their present style of dress. It is their clothes that kill them.

Every step a woman takes, her feet contend with her skirt. She lifts it on the inside, and she lifts it on the heel. The weight may be ounces or pounds, but it is taken up at every step. The heavy skirt, with flounces, overskirt, bustle, braids, beads, and other trappings, hang their many pounds and many yards, flapping around the feet and legs of the wearer. The poorest does not allow space to take a full breath, and the best suffers cause the muscles to cry for relief.

Dressed in this fashion, the wearer comes back from her walk for "fresh air and exercise" tired through and through, and is the worse for it, because she has lifted and carried hundreds of pounds.

Stand at any city street-corner, and watch the women as they pass. How tired they look! How their dresses flap round them! Contrast them with the men. Men's feet lift no weight of clothes. Men's steps contend with nothing. Every muscle has its natural exercise. Out-door air and exercise are good for them.

The advice women need is for shorter, lighter and looser dresses. Mrs. Jeannette Miller has not come a day too soon with her better costume, if the dress of women is to be improved. Mrs. Celia B. Whitehead has shown "What's the matter." Before her, Mrs. Amanda Bloomer, nearly forty years ago, set the example of short, loose dresses. "That style was adopted by many women, among them Mrs. Elizabeth Lady Stanton, Miss Susan B. Anthony, and the present writer. How light and comfortable and neat it was. How easily we went up stairs without panting or puffing. How we came down without a single word of being surprised or shocked. How we were able to walk on uneven or slippery streets in dress. We had room to breathe and freedom for our feet. But this beautiful dress was 'discovered and exposed' by the great public. On one occasion, Mrs. Anthony, in a manner which is not to be forgotten, was in New York in the winter costume. But we were surrounded and watched by a crowd which looked and pointed. We engaged only by a carriage sent by a friend who saw our dilemma. It was so difficult to wear this dress, with the voluminous that was cast upon it, that we returned sorrowfully to the bondage of our bodies for the sake of freedom to live untrammelled. That was long ago. Now women might accept the light, sensible dress which Mrs. Jeannette Miller wears and commends, without fear or unpleasant comment. In it they may take fresh air and exercise, and gain in health.

## 25<sup>P</sup><sub>R</sub> cent DISCOUNT MIDSUMMER SALE AT Crown House

All our goods have been marked down and will be sold for the next thirty days at discount of Twenty-five per cent for cash, to make room for fall shipments. Some of our fall shipments are now on the road. We have greatly reduced our prices in

### Ready - Made - Clothing

The ordered clothing department is under the management of Mr. Y. C. Kiteley, an experienced cutter from the eastern cities, who will guarantee to give general satisfaction.

### Ladies - Dress - Goods

And all Ladies Goods especially good value. Staples best in town. House furnishings, carpets, oil cloths, window shades, rollers and all furnished. We make a special line of

### Gents Furnishings !!

Finest stock in the town in shirts and drawers, in silk and balbriggan, also ties, gloves, collars, white and colored shirts, hats etc. Call on see us.

HENRY COLLINS.

## Citizens : of : Calgary

may we ask your earnest attention to the fact that we are the sole agents for the sale of the Canadian Anthracite Coal Co's Coal in this city and immediate vicinity; are now prepared to fill orders in car lots or in small quantities, delivered to any part of the city.

The best and cheapest quality considered, of any coal in the market, consequently, why build up a foreign trade to the detriment of Calgary when you can get a much superior article of home production? Remember the coal famine last year and order early and often.

Terms, spot cash when ordering.

## S.J. HOGG & CO.

P. O. BOX 124.

CALGARY.

STEPHEN AVE. WEST

## Notice of Removal



Henry Bloomfield, plumber, etc., has removed his workshop to Atlantic Avenue West. Pumps, hot and cold water pipes, tanks, cisterns and hot air apparatus fixed upon the most improved principles.

H. B. calls particular attention to his patent Tube Well, the only means of ensuring a supply of perfectly pure water, cheaper and quicker than the old mode of sinking wells. Manufacturer of the Calgary Earth Closet, a necessity in every house, specially adapted for use in the Northwest. A perfect deodorizer; certified as the best earth-closet yet made and recommended by every architect in the city.

Henry Bloomfield.

CALGARY, BANFF, ROGERS PA S

## A. FERLAND & CO

General Wholesale & Retail Merchants.

### SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to LARGE BUYERS.

Fresh Maple Syrup and Sugar just arrived.

### LARGEST STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES WEST OF WINNIPEG.

Agents for the Calgary Brick Works

A LARGE STOCK OF BRICK NOW ON HAND, HARD AND SOFT.

Call and Leave Your Orders.

## A. FERLAND, & CO.

Calgary - Alta.

## Powder Shot & shells

Get ready for September 1st, and leave your orders for

### Loaded - Shells

With

## ROGERS'

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

## HARDWARE.



collection. S. PARRISH.  
May, Aug. 25, '87. lwd&w







## The Alps.

One cannot command any language to convey an adequate idea of this magnificence. You are standing far below, gazing up to where the great disc of the glacier, in the distance of the distant scene around, and only an enormous mass of snow and ice, in itself a mountain, seems to move; it breaks from the towering, almost mountain ridge of snow, where it is hundreds of feet in depth, and in its first fall, of perhaps 2000 feet, is broken into millions of fragments. As you first see the flash of distant artillery by night, then hear the roar, so here you may see the white falling mass majestically bowing, and hear the astounding din. A cloud of dusty, misty, dry snow rises into the air from the concussion, forming a white volume of fleecy smoke, or mist light, from the bosom of which thunders forth the ice torrent in its second prodigious fall over the rocky battlements. The eye follows it delighted, as it plunges through the path which preceding avalanches have worn, till it comes to the brink of a vast ridge of bare rock, perhaps more than 2000 feet perpendicular. Then flows the whole cataract over the gulf with a still louder roar of echoing thunder. Another fall of still greater depth ensues, over a second similar castellated ridge or reef in the face of the mountain, with an awful majestic slowness, and a tremendous crash in its concussion, awakening again the reverberating peals of thunder. Then the torrent roars on to another similar fall, till at length it reaches a mighty groove of snow and ice, like the slide down the Pilatus, of which Playfair has given so powerfully and graphic description. Here its progress is slower, and but of all you listen to the roar of the falling fragments as they drop out of sight, windward weight, into the bottom of the gulf, to rest there for ever.

## A Mountain of Alum.

Mr. G. M. Shaw has returned from a month's trip to the Gila River country in the southwestern portion of Sonora County, where he went with Messrs. Brown and Bergen to survey and report on the recent alum discoveries, there, which have been located by a company of Sonora citizens.

Mr. Shaw reports almost a solid mountain of alum over a mile square, some of the cliffs of which rise to an elevation of 700 feet above the river bed. Most of the alum is in an impure state and tastes very strongly of sulphuric acid, but of which there seems to be an inexhaustible quantity. Some of the cliffs, however, show immense quantities of almost pure, marketable alum. This alum, finds Mr. Shaw writes, is on the Gila River about two miles below the fork of the Lamoine and four miles below the Gila hot springs.

Mr. Shaw reports numerous hot springs in that section, most of them pushing out of the rocks that form the river banks, some of them hot enough to cook in, and most of them too hot to hold the hand in. The main hot springs referred to above are reported to have effected wonderful rheumatic and other cures. The country is abundantly watered and wooded, and is covered with the finest of grass. The Gila is full of trout and other fish. Game, while still most plentiful, has been mostly scared away from the region of the hot springs, professional and other hunters, as well as ranchmen, who are beginning to locate in this difficult to get at section of the Gila. At present the only way to get into this section is with packed animals over a precipitous trail of several miles, wagons having to be abandoned in the Gorge of the Gila on the North Star Road, about two miles from the hot springs and about seven miles from the alum find, going from Sonora or from the Black Range. By the way of Silver City and Grants town, wagons are also bound to cross the Gila Creek, with about eight miles of packed animal trail, to the hot springs.

Mr. Shaw being an amateur photographer, also, invariably carries that "entail" along on his surveying trips, combining pleasure with business, and bringing back with him photographs of all objects and scenes of interest that he meets with on the way. He brings back from this trip over sixty photographs of the Gila country, among which are a number of exterior and photographs interior of some interesting cliff dwellers' ruins he encountered in a cave about four miles west from the hot springs.

## Contracts.

A merchant wanted a milliner. Miss MacLay was open to an engagement of this kind. The merchant hearing of her, dispatched a letter offering the situation, and asking for her answer by return mail. Directly she had read the letter, she wrote her acceptance on a postal card. But instead of mailing this herself, she gave it to a small boy to mail for her, which small boy carried it in his pocket, with his postpaid mail, for four days before he posted it. Meanwhile the merchant made other arrangements, and when Miss MacLay reached his office, according to the terms of the card which had lingered in the pocket of the small boy, she was obliged her services were not required. The merchant, finding he had been deceived, and that he could not obtain any change for the breach of a contract without paying a penalty to some one with. He had posted a printed check for \$1000, and he had intended to return it to the small boy, but he was too late, and he had to let it go. The merchant's offer, and a printed check was given against the milliner.

There was in London property a business agent to \$100,000, besides a large sum of money, diamonds and furniture.

The philosopher Seneca had a fortune of \$100,000.

General is the wealthiest, had a fortune of \$100,000.

The late, at his death, left \$110,000,000, which Canada spent in less than ten months.

There, before he died, upon any other day of the year.

An old man of \$100,000 at the time of his death, and he had the balance of \$100,000,000 in his pocket.

## What Soap Has Done for the Holy Land.

The introduction of soap, it is said, is doing much to civilize the people of the Holy Land. A large soap factory has been established on the site of ancient Shechem, and the people are beginning to use it on their persons instead of trying to eat it as they did at first. Along with the introduction of soap other reforms are going on. Bethlehem has been rebuilt, and the streets are lighted with gas. Nazareth is having a building boom. Shechem there is a lively demand for good soap fat, and the sleepy inhabitants of Ramoth Gilead think of building a glass factory. Jerusalem is waking up also. It has a street cleaning bureau, big clocks on its public buildings, and its suburbs are being built up rapidly. Even in the vale of Gehenna the price of land has gone up.

The introduction of the megaphone on shipboard—a sort of telescope for the ear, or machine for magnifying sound—is said to be a boon in prospect for mariners. Its design is to enable a person to hear or carry on a conversation with people at a distance and it is constructed of two huge cone-shaped tubes, eight feet long and three in diameter at the large end, which diminish to an apex in the form of rubber tubes small enough to place in the ear. Between these tubes are two smaller ones constructed in the same manner, but not more than half the diameter. By placing the rubber tubes in the ear and speaking through the smaller cone the person can hear and can be heard at long distances, and it thus aids mariners in listening for the sound of breakers or carrying on conversation with persons on shore or on other vessels at a distance.

## Slaughter of Song Birds.

Statistics are rolling up to a frightful extent in regard to the wholesale slaughter of our song birds. A single village, we are told, shipped from 50,000 to 80,000 birds during the last summer. A woman agent way down in Maryland has been known to collect 50,000 birds, many of them the charming Baltimore oriole, to send to Paris in a single season. At times when the market is active, from 100 to 150,000 slaughtered birds are reported in New York City daily. The killing places of large numbers of birds, on a island along the coast, are almost beyond count of songbirds.

A made-up Windsor bow is one of the woman's novelties in neckwear. It saves the trouble of tying, which prevents many people from wearing Windsor ties.

**S. A. RAMSAY,**  
AGENT FOR  
**The celebrated two horse binder, "The Milwaukie Junior," which cuts as easily with two horses as others do with three. This binder, on a practical test at the Colonial Exhibition on the farm of Mr. Olney, of Offley, cut in a heavy crop of English grain, 7½ acres in 5½ hours, never missing sheaf, 2 horses doing the work easily.**

## Aberdeen-Angus & Hereford

## Pure Bred Bulls FOR SALE.

On or about the 25th June, Hon. W. H. Cook will have for sale in Calgary about 25 head of superior Aberdeen-Angus and Hereford bulls, from the Hillhurst Herd all 5th for immediate service and of the highest breeding, being by the celebrated sire Paris Red, 1180 and Capric, 1120. For pedigrees and price apply to man in charge.

R. WHARRAM, Calgary.

## Pumps!

**S. A. RAMSAY'S**

Manufacturer and Importer of Iron and Wood, Force and Lift Pumps.

Full Stock Always on Hand.

DEEP WELL PUMPS A SPECIALTY.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Orders from distance promptly attended to.

S. A. RAMSAY.

## ROYAL MAIL LINE



CALGARY

AND

MACLEOD.

Compensating Oct. 2 coaches will leave Calgary on Mondays arriving at Macleod Wednesday. Leave Macleod on Thursdays, arriving at Calgary on Saturdays.

For passenger or express rates apply to

G. C. KING & CO., CALGARY.

OR

WM. BLACK, MACLEOD.

## ARRIVED

Our New Stock of corsets, and dress improvers, are to hand and marked off comprising the latest and most approved styles of the "Prompton and other makes.

In Dress Goods, Prints and Muslins,

you will find all the latest Fabrics, shades and designs with trimmings to match.

Our Ready-Made Clothing and Furnishing Department

is unequalled. Our fine suits could not have a more perfect cut neatly trimmed, and beautifully finished at prices that can't be beat.

Remember it pays to Investigate our State-ments.

**RANKIN & ALLAN.**

## Have You Seen?

The Light Running DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE? YOU HAVEN'T!



Then you don't know anything about solid comfort in doing your sewing, and never will know until you have seen and operated this Light Running Machine.

The DOMESTIC could be in every house. It is the best and most overworked housewife's friend. It brings back the smiles and banishes the blues caused by using the old common machines.

Don't let another day pass

without securing one on easy terms from

**S. A. RAMSAY, Calgary.**

S. A. Ramsay and needles of all kinds kept in stock. Repairs promptly attended to. Dealer in pianos, Organs, Baccinets, Buggies, Wagons, Mowers, Reapers, Plows and all kinds of Farm and Household Machinery.

Moran, Collins & Co., Miles City, Montana

The largest and finest

est line of

Stock Saddles

in the Northwest.

Special Prices

for five or more

outfits bought at

one time.

W180-9m

Send for

a

Price List.

Chaps, Spurs,

Ropes, Bridles,

Bits, etc.,

in endless

variety.

## Frontier Stables

J. P. FORD

Proprietor

These stables, the most commodious in Calgary, have lately been fitted up with all the best appliances for supplying the for most Livery and Feed accommodation to the public.

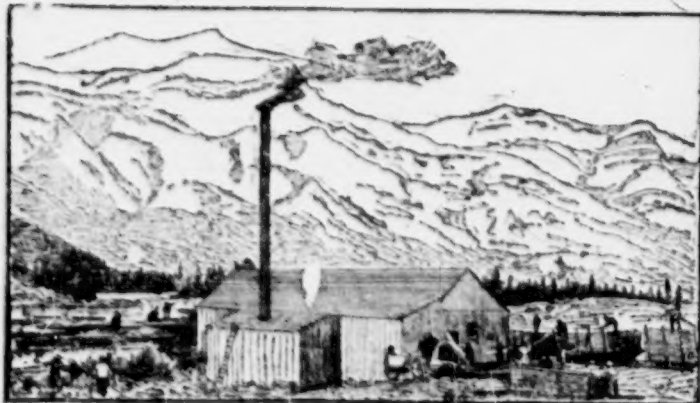
Single and Double Rigs always on Hand.

Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding horses always ready for hire. Horses bought, sold and exchanged. Board by day, week or Month. Reliable Drivers Supplied.

EVERY SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

J. P. Ford.

## ROW RIVER MILLS



NEW LUMBER AT KANANASKA IN THE MOUNTAINS

LUMBER

SHINGLES

inds, Rough or Dressed

The Best.

LATHE LIME, ETC.

**James Walker,**

Calgary.



# The Greatest of Great Walls.

Says a correspondent of the *Milling World*, who has recently been traveling in China: "Of course we had to go to the great wall of China. This country abounds in great walls. Her mural defenses were most extensive—walled country, walled cities, walled villages, walled palaces and temples—wall after wall and wall within wall. But the greatest of all is the great wall of China, which crosses the mountain range and crosses the gorges from here some forty miles away. Squeezing through the last deep gorge and a deep rift in the solid rock cut out by ages of rolling wheels and tramping feet, we reach the great, towering, doubled-battioned gate of stone and hard brick—one archway tumbled in. This was the object of our mission, the great wall of China, built two hundred and thirteen years before our era, built of great slabs of well-hewn stone, laid in regular courses some twenty feet high and then topped out with large hard-burned bricks, fitted in with earth and closely paved on top with more dark tawny brick—the ramparts high and thick and calculated for the use of arms. Right and left the great wall sprang far up the mountain side—now straight, now curved, to meet the mountain ridge, turreted each three hundred feet—a frowning mass of masonry. No need to tell you of this wall: the boats will tell you how it was built to keep the warlike Tartars out—twenty-five feet high by forty thick, twelve hundred miles long; with room on top for six horses to be driven abreast. Nor need I tell you that for fourteen hundred years it kept three hordes at bay, nor that, in the main, the material was upon it as just as good and firm and strong as when put in place. Twelve hundred miles of this gigantic work built on the rugged, craggy mountain tops vaulting over gorges, spanning wide streams, netting the river archways with huge hard bars of copper, with double gates, with swinging doors and bars set thick with iron armor—a wonder in the world before which the old time classic seven wonders, all gone now save the great pyramid, were toys. The great pyramid contains 85,000,000 cubic feet, the great wall 6,500,000,000 cubic feet. An engineer in Seward's party here some years ago gave it as his opinion that the cost of this wall, figuring labor at the same rate, would more than equal that of all the 100,000 miles of railroad in the United States. The material it contains would build a wall six feet high and two feet thick right straight around the globe. Yet this was done in only twenty years without a trace of debt or bond. It is the greatest individual labor the world has ever known."

## Quills Utilized.

In Europe, where everything that possesses value must be saved, goose quills have long been very carefully gathered. For a number of years they were manufactured by M. Barden, of Paris, into the old-fashioned quill pen. When the steel pen was invented the demand for the quill pen ceased, and since that time the quill pen has been manufactured into tooth picks. There seems to be only a limited demand for quills for this purpose, as there has never been any market for them in the United States. The turkey seems to be America's bird, and is raised now in nearly all parts of the continent. The tail and some of the wing feathers have been used for feather dusters. But the large quills from the first joint of the wing have been destroyed, as they were considered worthless. An important discovery has recently been made by E. K. Warren, of Three Oaks, Mich., by which the quill portion of the large quills are manufactured into elastic pens, called by its inventor "Featherpens." It is said to be superior to what is now in use, and is absolutely unbreakable. It is now largely used in dress-making, coats, shoes, etc., and seems to bid fair to become the elastic bone for the world. This invention not only gives the world a new elastic bone, but also opens up a market for the large quills of the turkey and goose, which have hitherto been considered worthless and so have been thrown away.

## The Flight of Years.

It is somewhat irrefragable that any man in private station almost in any public one, should be sensitive about his age, and it is at least, a tradition that every woman is. Recourse to the following table may either betray or punish this trait. If it be handed to a lady with the request to point out the columns, of figures in which her age occurs, and then the figures at the top of those columns be added together, the cat is out of the bag.

TABLE.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

For statement that the Legislature of Delaware, at its late session, passed a bill to raise the age of legal protection for young girls to thirteen years is contradicted by the "Philadelphia Record." We wish the statement were true, but are advised, on good authority, that the subject was finally dismissed without definite action by the Legislature, and that the "legal age of consent" in Delaware remains still at the shockingly low period of seven years.

# MOROCCO'S MONSTROSITIES.

Queer Scenes About the Gates of a City in Northern Africa.

Approaching the city of Morocco one is at once struck with the prolific, abandoned and vagrant character of nature and the total absence of what some people have over as "Moorish art." Groups of hand-dog, thievish-looking Arabs, true types of eastern cracksmen, and cut-purses of the desert of Sahara abound. There are the gaily attired tramps of the Orient. Nomadic and quarrelsome, hiear-eyed and bloated, treacherous and incipient, are these much over-rated "children of the desert." A dower or tent of these marauders is seen in a hundred different places outside the walls of the fortified city of Morocco. These tents are often parti-colored in stripes, and amidst the dark and ugly dwarf thorn bushes that struggle and twist about the land-like monster amaranths, the effect at first is striking. The immense prairies of glittering white sand in the distance, the colored and often jet black tents, the groups of fifteen or twenty blacker animated pipey beings, anything but human, that occupy each tent, the tethered scrawny horses of meager blood, the long and mild innards, the extra ornamental daggers and poniards, the excessively decorated saddles and bridles, the varied mats, goat skins, the glaringly colored chests, the dregs, donkeys, copper cauldrons and other implements, all more or less stolen, or, as they term it, looked, make up a picture that might charm a Gerome or rival an Oriental rag fair.

We occasionally halted at several of these tents, and found the women simply demoralized in expression and general appearance. Each group, of say twenty persons in each tent, is related by blood ties, and it is a wise mother, to say nothing of the father, that knows her own child. From the cradle to the grave, here and hereafter, they are all horse thieves and liars. While we were in one tent, or, rather, outside of it, for the stench within was simply terrible, a young black rascal of an Arab boy deftly picked my pocket of a box of wax matches which he more deftly swallowed when detected.

The fiscal year closed on the 30th of June. The receipts from all sources were \$71,280,894, which is more than a million a day, and, excluding Sundays and holidays, is more than \$1,200,000 per day. There was in round numbers an increase in the receipts over the fiscal year closing June 30, 1884, of \$5,000,000, and of this \$25,000,000 came from customs duties alone. During the year the national debt was reduced \$109,707,646.38. And this, in face of larger expenditures than in previous years, and in face, also, of recent modifications in both the customs and internal revenue laws, supposed to be in the line of decrease in receipts. But, as a matter of fact, both branches of taxation are yielding the Government larger revenues. The excess of revenue over expenditures amounted to \$100,000,000. This is a showing no other nation in the world can make, and it is one of which we may justly be proud. But still our commerce is crippled, and our burdensome tariff remains unaltered and unformed. Whatever our prosperity may be all this cannot go on forever. The people demand relief from excessive burdens, and it is not easy to see, with a pending Presidential election, how either party can any longer stand in the way of supplying needed reform.

## FOR SALE.

# FOR SALE

A number of fine young stallions of Norman Percheron and Black Hawk blood.

This is a grand chance for horsemen, as the stock is pure and will be sold at the lowest prices. Apply to B. A. BANCHE CO., 1780 St. Cochrane Alb.

# BANK OF MONTREAL CALGARY BRANCH.

Offices all through Canada and London, Eng., New York and Chicago.

Agents in British Columbia

The Bank of British Columbia.

Agents in Montana, U. S.

First National Bank—Fort Benton.

Agents in Minnesota, U. S.

First National Bank—St. Paul, Superior Bank—Minneapolis.

Branches in all the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

Capital paid up, \$1,000,000.

Reserve fund, \$500,000.

Assets, \$10,000,000.

Liabilities, \$10,000,000.

Profit and loss, \$1,000,000.

Dividends, \$1,000,000.

Interest, \$1,000,000.

Commissions, \$1,000,000.

Exchange, \$1,000,000.

Discounts, \$1,000,000.

Advances, \$1,000,000.

Loans, \$1,000,000.

Deposits, \$1,000,000.

Receipts, \$1,000,000.

Paid up, \$1,000,000.

Reserve, \$500,000.

Assets, \$10,000,000.

Liabilities, \$10,000,000.

Profit and loss, \$1,000,000.

Dividends, \$1,000,000.

Interest, \$1,000,000.

Commissions, \$1,000,000.

Exchange, \$1,000,000.

Discounts, \$1,000,000.

Advances, \$1,000,000.

Loans, \$1,000,000.

Deposits, \$1,000,000.

Receipts, \$1,000,000.

Paid up, \$1,000,000.

Reserve, \$500,000.

Assets, \$10,000,000.

Liabilities, \$10,000,000.

Profit and loss, \$1,000,000.

Dividends, \$1,000,000.

Interest, \$1,000,000.

Commissions, \$1,000,000.

Exchange, \$1,000,000.

Discounts, \$1,000,000.

Advances, \$1,000,000.

Loans, \$1,000,000.

Deposits, \$1,000,000.

Receipts, \$1,000,000.

Paid up, \$1,000,000.

Reserve, \$500,000.

Assets, \$10,000,000.

Liabilities, \$10,000,000.

Profit and loss, \$1,000,000.

Dividends, \$1,000,000.

Interest, \$1,000,000.

Commissions, \$1,000,000.

Exchange, \$1,000,000.

Discounts, \$1,000,000.

Advances, \$1,000,000.

Loans, \$1,000,000.

Deposits, \$1,000,000.

Receipts, \$1,000,000.

Paid up, \$1,000,000.

Reserve, \$500,000.

Assets, \$10,000,000.

Liabilities, \$10,000,000.

Profit and loss, \$1,000,000.

Dividends, \$1,000,000.

Interest, \$1,000,000.

Commissions, \$1,000,000.

Exchange, \$1,000,000.

Discounts, \$1,000,000.

Advances, \$1,000,000.

Loans, \$1,000,000.

Deposits, \$1,000,000.

Receipts, \$1,000,000.

Paid up, \$1,000,000.

Reserve, \$500,000.

Assets, \$10,000,000.

Liabilities, \$10,000,000.

Profit and loss, \$1,000,000.

Dividends, \$1,000,000.

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Deposits, \$1,000,000.

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Receipts, \$1,000,000.



